

## Next-level metastatic breast cancer monitoring

The DiviTum® TKa blood test is the first and only FDA 510(k)-cleared TK activity profile test.



*“The results from our study support using the DiviTum® TKa test to monitor efficacy during treatment and predict response to a CDK4/6 inhibitor. It is interesting to learn that DiviTum TKa can identify progression many months ahead of imaging.”*

Luca Malorni, MD, PhD  
Medical Oncologist, Prato Hospital, Italy



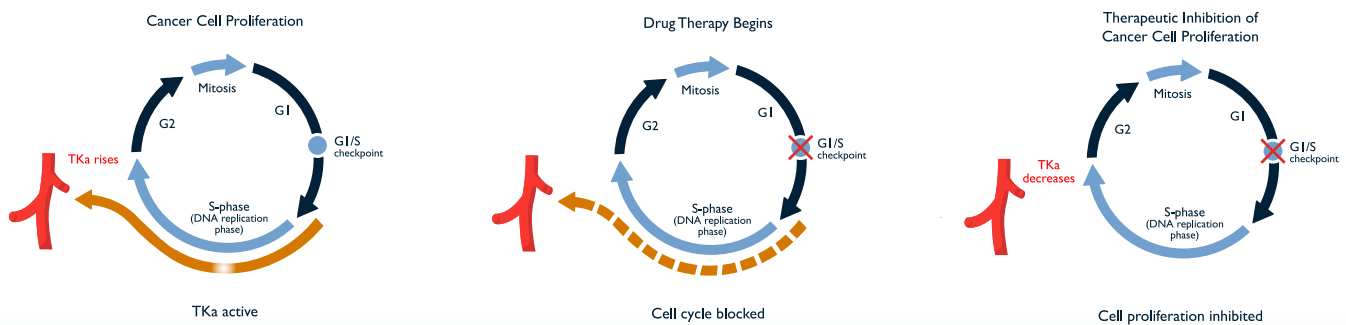
### Prognostic for disease progression and overall survival (OS)<sup>1,2</sup>

In postmenopausal female patients with metastatic HR+ breast cancer, a low TKa value is associated with the decreased likelihood of disease progression within 30 days or 60 days post testing.<sup>1,2</sup>

...with the assessment of a simple blood sample, DiviTum® TKa can monitor and predict disease progression, PFS and OS in MBC patients receiving ET with or without CDK4/6 inhibitors.<sup>2</sup>

### Thymidine kinase (TK) plays a key role in DNA synthesis and cell proliferation

Studies have shown that TK activity (TKa) is elevated in actively proliferating cancers<sup>3,4</sup>



**The DiviTum® TKa test** can quantify the level of thymidine kinase released into the circulation from cell proliferation and tumor growth. This generates a DiviTum activity score which can offer important insights about the proliferative status of a patient's disease.

**If the DiviTum® TKa test** reveals a high TKa level in the blood, the oncologist can use this information in prognosis, in monitoring disease progression, and in patient management decisions.

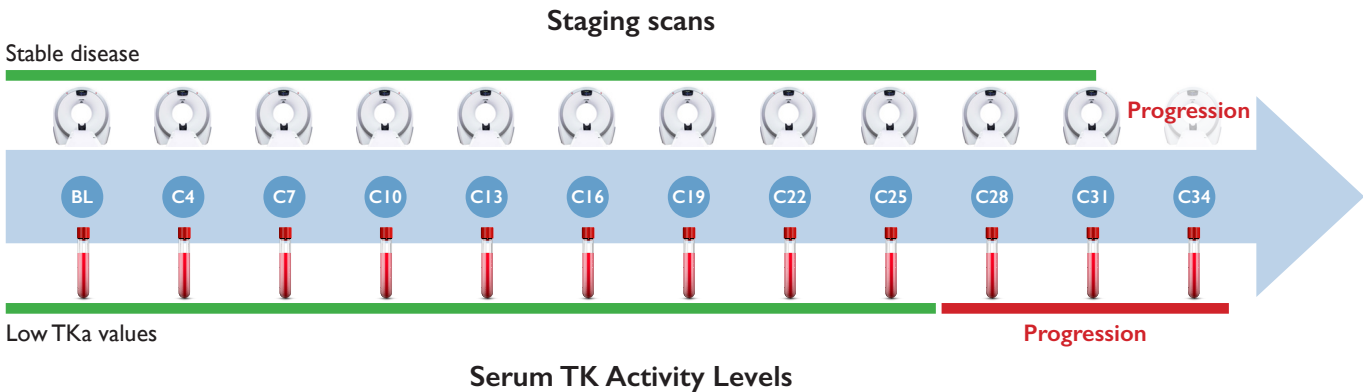
## Other breast cancer biomarkers

- **Conventional biomarkers** – such as CA 15-3 – are not expressed in all women with mBC<sup>5</sup>
- **Low sensitivity of current imaging techniques:** Up to 40% of HR+ mBC patients have non-measurable disease<sup>4</sup>
- **Ki67** is a well-known proliferation (but not monitoring) biomarker, but has certain limitations (requires a biopsy, heterogenous expression).



The DiviTum® TKa test only requires a small amount of blood, does not require a biopsy, and can be tested repeatedly during therapy.

## Correlation Timeline: TKa and CT-scans in mBC Patient<sup>6</sup>



The patient with a negative test result will, with 97% confidence, not experience any tumor progression in the next 30 days.<sup>2</sup>

The decreased likelihood of disease progression within 30 days or 60 days post testing<sup>2</sup> may suggest using the DiviTum® TKa test as an aid in-between imaging.

## References

1. Paoletti C, et al. Clin Cancer Res. 2021 Nov 15;27(22):6115-6123
2. Bergqvist M, et al. Biomarkers, 2023, DOI: 10.1080/1354750X.2023.2168063
3. Bitter EE, et al. Cell Biosci. 2020;10(1):138.
4. Larsson AM, et al. Sci Rep. 2020;10(1):4484
5. Gaughran G, et al, Breast Cancer Management, 2023 <https://doi.org/10.2217>
6. Krishnamurthy J, et al. npi Breast Cancer 8, 35 (2022)

DiviTum® TKa is CE labeled in Europe and FDA 510(k) cleared in the United States.

The DiviTum® TKa method and kit are protected under US Patent Nos. 8,765,378 and 9,376,707.

Patent protection in 49 countries

DiviTum® is a registered trademark of Biovica International AB

©Biovica International AB 2023. All rights reserved.

## Contact information

Helle Fisker  
VP Commercial  
Dag Hammarskjölds väg 54 B  
SE-752 37 Uppsala, Sweden  
+46 (0) 73 471 85 60  
helle.fisker@biovica.com  
www.biovica.com



Contact information



Clinical Studies

# BIOVICA®

Dag Hammarskjölds väg 54B  
Uppsala Science Park 752 37 Uppsala, Sweden  
info@biovica.com

@Biovica